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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/890,357	01/09/2002	Kauno Alastalo	3696-0180P	1586
2292 7:	590 07/03/2003			
	VART KOLASCH & BI	EXAMINER		
PO BOX 747 FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747			BROWN, JENNINE M	
TALES CHOK	CII, VA 22040-0747			
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1755	4
			DATE MAILED: 07/03/2003	0

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	-0)
	09/890,357	ALASTALO ET AL.	
` Office Action Summary	Examin r	Art Unit	
	Jennine M. Brown	1755	
Th MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence add	ress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a r - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stat - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the ma earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thir od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tute, cause the application to become AB	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this com BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ımunication.
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _			
	——· This action is non-final.		
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3) Since this application is in condition for allo closed in accordance with the practice und Disposition of Claims			ments is
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are pending in the applicat	ion.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd	rawn from consideration.		
5)☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are rejected.			
7)☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	1/or election requirement		
Application Papers	aror orodion roquironici.		
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.		
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acc	cepted or b) objected to by t	he Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abeya	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a)□ approved b)□ d	lisapproved by the Examiner	
If approved, corrected drawings are required in	reply to this Office action.		
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	ign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:		- , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
1. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received in A	pplication No	
3.⊠ Copies of the certified copies of the pr			tage
application from the International I * See the attached detailed Office action for a li	Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		·
14)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome	stic priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(e) (to a provisional a	pplication).
 a) The translation of the foreign language p 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome 			
Attachment(s)			
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 	5) Notice of I	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) nformal Patent Application (PTO-	
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01) Office	Action Summary	Part of Paper No. 8	

DETAILED ACTION

Priority

Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Specification

Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

Claims 4, 6, 15-17 and 22 include a broad range or limitation together with a narrow range or limitation that falls within the broad range or limitation where the claim also recites "most preferably" which is the narrower statement of the range/limitation.

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Examiner is ignoring the narrower range/limitation of each of these claims and would suggest adding these narrower limitations as dependent claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Regarding claim 7, the phrase "or the like" renders the claim indefinite because the claim includes elements not actually disclosed, those encompassed by "or the like", thereby rendering the scope of the claim unascertainable. See MPEP § 2173.05(d).

Claim 9 recites the limitation "said first reaction mixture or said waxed first reaction mixture" in claim 1. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Regarding claim 13, the preamble needs to be corrected to add the term "system" after catalyst since none of the previous claims are drawn to a catalyst.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* **v.** *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-2, 4, 6-10, 14-17 and 21-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Caselli (US 5455289).

Caselli teaches a process for making the catalyst component (col. 7, l. 10-41), process for adding stabilizers and additives to polyolefins by using Ziegler-Natta based catalysts (col. 4, l. 13-25), magnesium dichloride (col. 4, l. 44-50) with aluminum alkyl compounds (col. 4, l. 60-65; col. 6, l. 10-27) and electron donor (col. 4, l. 66 – col. 7, l. 28) and silica based support (col. 6, l. 33-39). Caselli teaches oils, waxes and paraffins are commonly used as stabilizers and additives for polyolefins (col. 2, l. 66 – col. 3, l. 61). Caselli teaches that olefins are ethylene monomer and C₃-C₁₀ alpha olefins (col. 2, l. 40-49) and that polymerization is carried out between 40-160 °C and atmospheric pressure or higher (col. 6, l. 57-59).

Caselli does not specifically teach using a second or third aluminum alkyl compound but if the compound was not meant to be deactivated so that the catalyst would not be poisoned, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to add a second or third aluminum based catalyst to keep the catalyst activity up so that

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polymerization does not decrease over time due to catalyst poisoning. Also note that in more than one of the dependent claims, the first, second and third aluminum compounds are be the same.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 3, 6, 15 and 22 include a broad range or limitation together with a narrow range or limitation that falls within the broad range or limitation where the claim also recites "most preferably" which is the narrower statement of the range/limitation.

Examiner is ignoring the narrower range/limitation of each of these claims and would suggest adding these narrower limitations as dependent claims.

Claims 1-3, 6, 14, 15, 20, 21, 22, 23 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-36 of U.S. Patent No. 6576710 B1. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because each of the components of the

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catalyst system and process of contacting said components to polymerize alpha olefins have been previously claimed.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jennine M. Brown whose telephone number is (703) 305-0435. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00 AM - 4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mark Bell can be reached on (703) 308-3823. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 879-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

Supervisory Patent Examiner

Technology Center 1700

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June 30, 2003